



# SAUTER EGQ

Energy efficiency and pleasant room conditions thanks to CO<sub>2</sub> measurement and demand-led ventilation.

# Dual-beam CO<sub>2</sub> and temperature sensor for energy savings of up to 60%.

**Only an advanced room management system can provide the right conditions for effective working and living.**

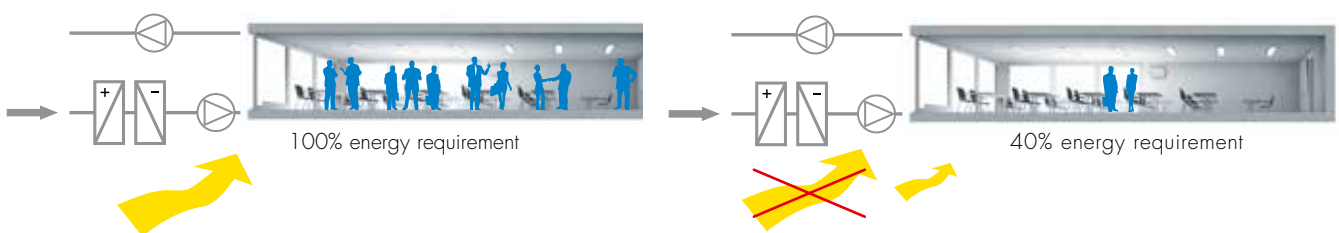
Apart from the temperature and the relative humidity, one of the main indicators of the quality of indoor conditions is the CO<sub>2</sub> content of the air. When the CO<sub>2</sub> level rises, the attention span of the occupants falls. Tiredness, loss of concentration, discontentedness and mistakes are the consequences.

**Clear energy savings based on accurate CO<sub>2</sub> measurement (drift compensation).**

The dual-beam method employed in the EGQ sensor for CO<sub>2</sub> and temperature practically eliminates any measurement error – which is caused by dust and pollution in the room air – and the effects of the ageing of the measuring system.

The results:

- Up to 60% of energy consumption is saved by a modern room control system (demand-led ventilation).
- Pleasant room conditions regardless of the number of occupants, the length of their stay, their activities and other heat sources in the room.



## CO<sub>2</sub> facts and figures

400 ppm	Fresh, natural outdoor air
1000 ppm	Recommended limit for indoor air according to Dr. Max Pettenkofer
>1000 ppm	Tiredness and loss of concentration become noticeable. More mistakes are made, the ability to learn is impaired and productivity falls.
2000 ppm	Maximum range of a selective CO <sub>2</sub> sensor according to the German Engineering Federation
5000 ppm	Maximum workplace concentration (for CO <sub>2</sub> )

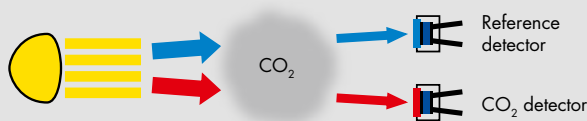
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## Temperature and room climate firmly under control.

With an in-built feel-good factor: the dual-beam method used in the new CO<sub>2</sub> and temperature sensors makes it easy to control the CO<sub>2</sub> level in well-frequented rooms. With the single-beam method, rooms have to be aired (at no little cost) for 4-8 hours every two weeks, merely to compensate for the sensor's drift. On SAUTER's EGQ, the measuring signal is calibrated continuously; this is done automatically and at no cost, and is unaffected by ventilation intervals.

### SAUTER sensor with dual-beam technology

Gas sensor with dual infra-red system of measurement:

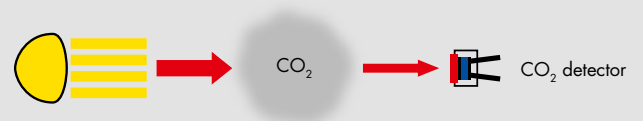


#### Advantages:

- Two measuring channels with independent infra-red filters
- Reference channel compensates for drift

### Conventional sensor with single-beam technology

Gas sensor with infra-red system of measurement:



#### Disadvantages:

- CO<sub>2</sub> detection uses the CO<sub>2</sub> wavelength only
- Drift compensation based on assumption
- Ageing, contamination and drift
- Unreliable compensation

### Ideal for buildings with constantly-changing occupancy levels, such as:

- Schools
- Airports
- Conference centres
- Restaurants
- Railway stations
- Hotels
- Hospitals
- Foyers
- Open-plan offices



**Systems**

**Components**

**Services**

**Facility Services**

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