

# **Cold water meters**





# 1. Introduction

# **Applications for the Water Utilities**

- . Measuring the consumption of drinking water
- · Domestic consumption with TOPAZ water meters
- · Large flows with RUBY water meters

# 1.2

# Your advantages

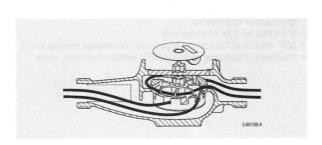
- · Complete system for water measurement under extremely varied conditions
- Choice between local and remote reading
   Wide range of applications in all supply sectors, thanks to the modular structure of the systems

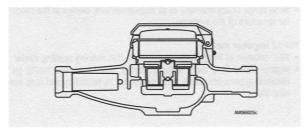
#### **TOPAZ** impeller meters

- 360° rotation of the counter is possible, this making reading easier
   Highly stable long-term measurements, thanks to the "multi-jet" measuring principle which is renowned for its reliability and long ser-

#### Operating principle: TOPAZ multi-jet utility water meters

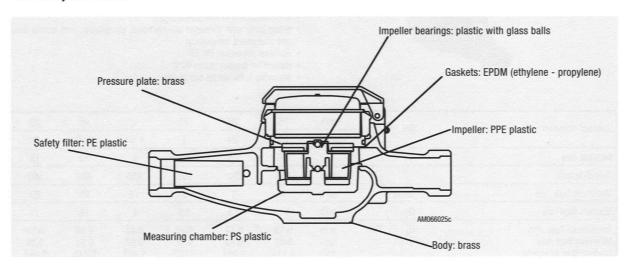
- The TOPAZ series falls under the category of multi-jet velocity meters. This measuring principle has proven its excellence over a long period: This measuring principle is insensitive to turbulences in the liquid flow.
- The impeller is subject to a uniform impingement of jets around its circumference, allowing a particularly low starting flow and therefore a wide measurement range.
- Since the impeller is not subject to any asymmetrical loadings, wear is kept to a minimum and the intervals between inspections can be extended.
- The bearings for the impeller are two glass balls (N1.5 to N6) which in practice are separated from their saphire bearing cups by a thin
- film of water, this allowing the impeller to turn both easily and accurately, ensuring long-term stability.
- The measuring device (hydraulic part) is entirely separated from the roller or electronic counter (dry-type registering unit). The impeller rotations are transmitted across a sturdy sealing plate by means of a magnetic coupling.
- For optimal ease of reading, the counter (if not fitted with a pulser) can be rotated through 360°.
- The adjusting device to calibrate the meter is not accessible from the exterior (N1.5 to N6) which prevents any possibility of accidental or unauthorised manipulation.





## Hydraulic components - materials

# **TOPAZ** utility water meters

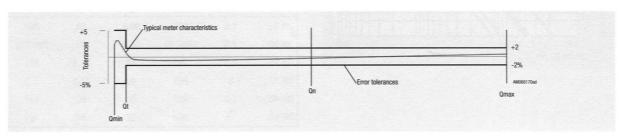


## Error tolerances under reference conditions (ISO 4064)

Reference conditions:

liquid measured: water

temperature: 20°C



 $\begin{array}{l} Qmin \leq \! Q < \! Qt \\ Qmin \leq \! Q \leq \! Qmax \end{array}$ 

lower flow rate range upper flow rate range

# 2. TOPAZ multi-jet utility water meters



# TOPAZ PMK

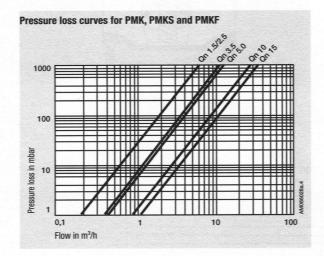
- multi-jet impeller meters with dry-type registers
- better than Metrological Class B, according to ISO 4064
   error tolerances: ± 2% of flow rate in the upper measuring range  $Qt \leq \! Q \leq Qmax,$  and  $\pm 5\%$  in the lower measuring range  $Qmin \leq \! Q < \! Qt$
- · for installation in horizontal pipes
- · brass body with threaded connections; on request, with screw flanges (delivered separately)

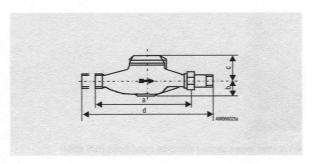
  nominal pressure: PN 16
- maximum temperature: 40°C
- pressure loss: <0.25 bar at Qn

Nominal diameter	DN	mm	15	20	25	32	40	50
	DN	inches	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2
Nominal size	N		1.5	2.5	3.5	6	10	15
Overall length		mm	165	2201)	260	260	300	300
Maximum flow rate	Qmax 2)	m³/h	3	5	7	12	20	30
Nominal flow rate	Qn	m³/h	1.5	2.5	3.5	6	10	15
Transitional flow rate Minimum flow rate Starting flow at approx.	Qt Qmin	m³/h m³/h m³/h	0.12 0.03 0.014	0.12 0.03 0.014	0.28 0.07 0.022	0.28 0.07 0.022	0.80 0.20 0.045	0.80 0.20 0.045
Smallest readable volume Recording capacity Recording capacity at Qn without zeroing	3)	litres m³ h	0.1 100.000 66'666	0.1 100.000 40'000	0.1 100.000 28'570	0.1 100.000 16'660	0.1 100.000 10'000	0.1 100.000 6'666
Body thread size Connector thread size		inches inches	3/4 1/2	1 3/4	1 1/4 1	1 1/2 1 1/4	2 1 1/2	2 3/8
Body surface finish				ı	oolished bras	S		
Weight without connections		approx. kg	1.4	1.6	2.4	2.7	5.4	6.7

<sup>1)</sup> available with overall length of 190 mm 2) max. 1 h per day

3) at least 2000 h are required by the standards





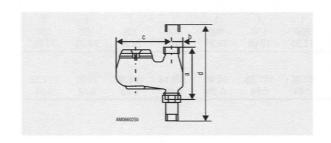
	N	a	b	С	d		
DN 15	1.5	165	36.5	63	260		
DN 20	2.5	190/220	36.5	63	285/315		
DN 25	3.5	260	40	71.5	375		
DN 32	6	260	40	71.5	375		
DN 40	10	300	60	80	440		
DN 50	15	300	62	87	460		



# TOPAZ PMKF (downward flow) and TOPAZ PMKS (upward flow)

- multi-jet impeller meters with dry-type registers
   better than Metrological Class B, according to ISO 4064
   error tolerances: ± 2% of flow rate in the upper measuring range Qt ≤Q ≤Qmax, and ±5% in the lower measuring range Qmin ≤Q <Qt</li>
   for installation in vertical pipes (PMKF (downward flow Ψ) and PMKS (upward flow Φ)
- (upward flow ↑)
- · brass body with threaded connections; on request, with screw flanges (delivered separately)
- nominal pressure: PN 16
  maximum temperature: 40°C
  pressure loss: <0.25 bar at Qn</li>

Nominal diameter	DN	mm	20	25	32	40
Nonlinai diametei	DIN	inches	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2
Nominal size	N		2.5	3.5	5	10
Overall length	in an increasing	mm	105	150	150	200
Maximum flow rate	Qmax 1)	m³/h	5	7	10	20
Nominal flow rate	Qn	m³/h	2.5	3.5	5	10
Transitional flow rate Minimum flow rate Starting flow at approx.	Qt Qmin	m³/h m³/h m³/h	0.12 0.03 0.014	0.28 0.07 0.022	0.28 0.07 0.022	0.80 0.20 0.045
Smallest readable volume Recording capacity Recording capacity at Qn without zeroing	2)	litres m³ h	0.1 100.000 40'000	0.1 100.000 28'750	0.1 100.000 20'000	0.1 100.000 10'000
Body thread size Connector thread size		inches inches	1 3/4	1 1/4 1	1 1/2 1 1/4	2 1 1/2
Body surface finish				polished brass		
Weight without connections		approx. kg	1.8	2.4	2.7	5.0



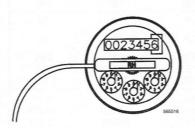
	N	a	b	С	d
DN 20	2.5	105	25	126	200
DN 25	3.5	150	30	147.5	265
DN 32	5	150	30	147.5	265
DN 40	10	200	50	200	340



#### Mechanical roller counters for PMK, PMKF and PMKS

The vacuum sealed counter module has a transparent and shockproof top. The rollers with black digits display the water consumed in cubic metres. The flow indicator wheel at the centre of the counter is used for monitoring purposes; it rotates at the same speed as the impeller. The three pointers indicate sub-multiples of cubic metres (for example: 10 litres, 1 litre).

PMK	15	20	25	32	40	50	
PMKF		20	25	32	40		7a
PMKS		20	25	32	40		1211e-



## Pulsers for PMK, PMKF and PMKS

All the mechanical counters of the TOPAZ range of meters may be replaced by counters with pulsers. These pulsers are intended for connection to the AMSTACK range of remote counter devices – see the section on "Auxiliary Equipment".

When selecting the pulser, the points specified in the section on "Planning and installation design" should also be taken into account. Technical information and connection diagramme appear in the section on "Pulsers".

diameter	DN	mm	15	20	25	32	32	40	50
ulameter	DN	inches	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/4 1 1/2		2
size	N		1.5	2.5	3.5	5	6	10	15
lues: PMK, PMKF, PMKS		- 17							
Reed switch Reed switch Inductive proximity switch	litres/pulse litres/pulse ml/pulse		1 100 12.95	1 100 12.95	1 100 21.51	1 100 21.51	1 100 26.80	1 100 74.86	1 100 74.86
equencies									
at Qmax at Qmin	Hz Hz		64.35 0.64	107.25 0.64	90.40 0.90	129.14 0.90	124.38 0.73	74.21 0.74	111.32 0.74
	lues: PMK, PMKF, PMKS  Reed switch Reed switch Inductive proximity switch equencies at Qmax	size N  lues: PMK, PMKF, PMKS  Reed switch litres/pulse Reed switch litres/pulse Inductive proximity switch ml/pulse  equencies at Qmax Hz	diameter DN inches  size N  lues: PMK, PMKF, PMKS  Reed switch litres/pulse litres/pulse lnductive proximity switch ml/pulse  equencies at Qmax Hz	diameter DN inches 1/2  size N 1.5  lues: PMK, PMKF, PMKS  Reed switch litres/pulse 1 Reed switch litres/pulse 100 Inductive proximity switch ml/pulse 12.95  equencies at Qmax Hz 64.35	DN   Inches   1/2   3/4     size   N   1.5   2.5     lues: PMK, PMKF, PMKS     Reed switch   Reed switch   Reed switch   Itres/pulse   1   1     Reed switch   Itres/pulse   100   100     Inductive proximity switch   ml/pulse   12.95   12.95     squencies   at Qmax   Hz   64.35   107.25     Additional content of the proximity switch   107.25     Content of the proximity switch	DN   Inches   1/2   3/4   1	DN   1.5   3/4   1   1 1/4	DN   1/2   3/4   1   1 1/4   1 1/4	DN   1.5   2.5   3.5   5   6   10

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## 4. Pulsers

#### TOPAZ pulsers, integrated with the roller counter



Reed pulsers

RH 100 for remote counting RH 1 for control applications

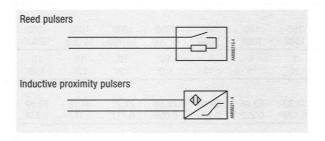


IH inductive pulser

for control applications and for determining instantaneous flow rates.

#### Power supply for pulsers

The pulsers listed above are passive. They must be powered by means of the auxiliary devices to which they are connected. Each pulse that is generated corresponds to one unit of volume.



#### Choice of a suitable pulser

The choice of a suitable pulser and an adequate pulse value depends on the application. For remote counting, low resolution pulse values are generally preferable (for example Reed RH 100 pulser, pulse value 100 l). On the other hand for analogue signals instantaneous flow rates and filling controls, high resolution pulse values should be selected (for example IH inductive pulser with a pulse value of less than 0.1 l). Reed pulsers can only be used if the auxiliary device is battery-powered.

## Requirement of the auxiliary device

The pulse duration depends on the flow rate. If the flow is stopped, a continuous pulse may occur. The auxiliary device must be able to tolerate this; if this is not the case, then provision for a protective device should be made, such as a WE77 separating relay.

#### **Correct pulse evaluation**

When the flow is stopped, low frequency oscillations of the water in the installation may occur (hydraulic vibrations), which can cause pulses to be generated. These are transmitted to the device connected to the pulser which cannot differentiate between these "false" pulses and the ones which it receives when the installation is operating. When an instantaneous flow rate is being determined, this phenomenon is not critical, given that the pulse frequency is very low. But when the pulses are intended for counting, the installation should be designed so as to avoid hydraulic vibrations (for example, by means of non-return valves).

#### Technical data: TOPAZ pulsers

#### Reed RH pulsers with decadic pulse values

Switch Reed contact tube protected with an iner

gas filling. max. 48 V AC or DC Switch voltage

max. 50 mA (internal resistance:  $47\Omega/0.5$  W) Switch current

Quiescent current Contact open Switch power max. 2 W Ambient temperature

-10 ... +70°C IP 65, according to IEC 144 (protection against water jets and dust) Protection class

Connections Fixed grey cable, length: 3 m, cross-section:

2 x 0.35 mm<sup>2</sup>

Use in Ex-zones The RH pulser is a normally open, potential-

free contact which can be connected to an Exi supply. Please consult your specialist on

this subject!

# IH inductive pulser with non-decadic pulse values

Switch Inductive proximity switch according to

DIN 19234

Switch voltage 5 ... 15 VDC

Switch current > 3 mA (at 8 V, 1 k $\Omega)$ Quiescent current <1.35 mA (at 8 V, 1 k $\Omega$ )

Ambient temperature -10 ... +70°C

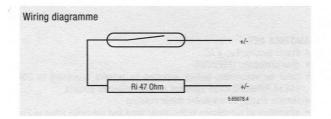
Protection class IP 65, according to IEC 144 (protection

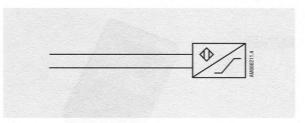
against water jets and dust)

Connections Fixed grey cable, length: 3 m, cross-sec-

tion: 2 x 0.35 mm<sup>2</sup>

Not intended for this purpose Use in Ex-zones







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